Version: EN-UM-2.0



USER MANUAL

Three-phase ESS Inverter

HISTORY

VERSION	ISSUED	COMMENTS
1.0	11-Jan23	First release
1.1	27-Apr23	Updated expansion screws.
1.2	15-Jun23	Updated 3.1 Packing List, 7.1 LED and some details.
1.3	29-Jun23	Revised the description from hybrid inverter to ESS inverter.
1.4	05-Jul23	Updated the recommended battery brands.
1.5	13-Jul23	Adjusted "Time-based Control" from Chapter 5.1.3 to Chapter 7.2.3.
1.6	11-Aug23	Updated circuit diagrams in 4. Electrical Connection . Adjusted 7. User Interface .
2.0	21-Dec23	Updated mounting bracket in 3. Installation . Updated circuit diagrams in 4. Electrical Connection . Updated 4.6.1 BMS connection and 4.6.4 CT connection . Updated 5.1.1 Self-consumption Mode . Added 5.1.4 Forced Charge/Discharge Function . Updated 7.2 App Setting Guide . Adjusted the details in Chapters 2 through 7 .

Preface

About This Manual

This manual describes the installation, electrical connection, commissioning and maintenance, APP operation of the inverter. Please first read the manual and related documents carefully before using the product and store it in a place where installation, operation and maintenance personnel can access it at any time. The illustration in this user manual is for reference only. This user manual is subject to change without prior notice. (Specific please in kind prevail.)

Target Group

Three phase ESS inverters must be installed by professional electrical engineers who have obtained relevant qualifications.

Scope

This manual is applicable to the following inverters:

- 5K
- 6K
- 8K
- 10K

Conventions

The following safety instructions and general information are used within this user manual.

DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, will result in serious injury or death.
WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, will result in serious injury or death.
CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in moderate or minor injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in equipment failure to run, or property damage.
NOTE	Call attention to important information, best practices and tips: supplement additional safety instructions for your better use of the Three phase ESS inverter to reduce the waste of you resource.

CONTENTS

Preface

About This Manual Target Group

Scope

Conventions

1. Safety

- 1.1 Symbols Used
- 1.2 Safety Precaution

2. Product Introduction

- 2.1 Overview
- 2.2 Product Appearance
- 2.3 Model Definition

3. Installation

- 3.1 Packing List
- 3.2 Selecting the Mounting Location
- 3.3 Mounting

4. Electrical Connection

- 4.1 Grounding
- 4.2 GRID/BACKUP Connection
- 4.3 Battery Connection
- 4.4 PV Connection
- 4.5 Meter/CT Connection
- 4.6 Communication Connection

5. System Operation

- 5.1 Inverter Working Mode
- 5.2 Startup/Shutdown Procedure

6. Commissioning

- 6.1 Inspection
- 6.2 Commissioning Procedure

7. User Interface

- 7.1 LED
- 7.2 App Setting Guide

8. Maintenance

- 8.1 Routine Maintenance
- 8.2 Inverter Troubleshooting
- 8.3 Removing the Inverter

9. Technical Specifications

1. Safety

Before using the inverter, please read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit and manual. Put the instructions where you can take them easily.

The three phase ESS inverter of ours strictly conforms to related safety rules in design and test. Local safety regulations shall be followed during installation, operation and maintenance. Incorrect operation work may cause injury or death to the operator or a third party and damage to the inverter and other properties belonging to the operator or a third party.

1.1 Symbols Used

Safety Symbol	Description
Â	Danger of high voltage! Only qualified personnel may perform work on the inverter.
A Cismins	Residual voltage exists after the inverter is powered off. It takes 5 minutes for system to discharge to a safe voltage.
	Danger of hot surface
Do not disconnect under load!	Do not disconnect under load, otherwise there will be a danger of fire.
20	Environmental Protection Use Period
i	Refer to the operating instructions
	Don't dispose of the inverter with the household waste.
	Grounding terminal

- Installation, maintenance and connection of inverters must be performed by qualified personnel, in compliance with local electrical standards, wiring rules and requirements of local power authorities and/ or companies.
- The temperature of some parts of the inverter may exceed 60°C during operation. Do not touch the inverter during operation to avoid being burnt.
- Ensure children are kept away from inverters.
- Don't open the front cover of the inverter. Apart from performing work at the wiring terminal (as instructed in this manual), touching or changing components without authorization may cause injury to people, damage to inverters and annulment of the warranty.
- Static electricity may damage electronic components. Appropriate methods must be adopted to prevent such damage to the inverter; otherwise the inverter may be damaged and the warranty annulled.
- Ensure the output voltage of the proposed PV array is lower than the maximum rated input voltage of the inverter; otherwise the inverter may be damaged and the warranty annulled.
- When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous high DC voltage. Please operate according to our instructions, or it will result in danger to life.
- PV modules should have an IEC61730 class A rating.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- Completely isolate the inverter before maintaining. Completely isolate the inverter should: turn off the PV switch and disconnect the PV terminal, battery terminal, and AC terminal
- After the inverter is powered off, the remaining electricity and heat may still cause electric shock and body burns. Do not touch parts of inverter for 10 minutes after disconnection from the power sources.
- Prohibit inserting or pulling the AC and DC terminals when the inverter is running.
- In Australia, the inverter internal switching does not maintain the neutral neutral continuity. And neutral integrity must be addressed by external connection arrangements.
- Don't connect ESS inverter in the following ways: The BACKUP Port should not be connected to the grid; A single PV panel string should not be connected to two or more inverters.

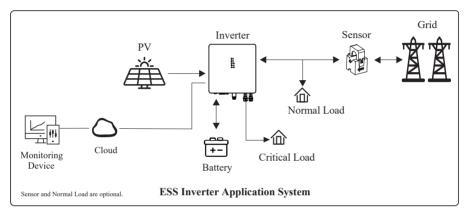
2. Product Introduction

2.1 Overview

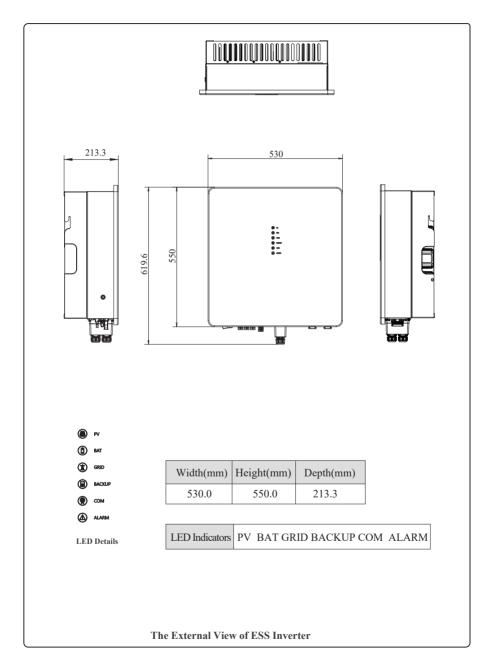
ESS Inverter

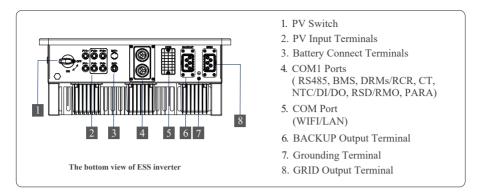
The ESS inverters are high-quality inverter which can convert solar energy to AC energy and store energy into battery.

The inverter can be used to optimize self consumption, store in the battery for future use or feed into public grid. Work mode depends on PV energy and user's preference. It can provide power for emergency use during the grid lost by using the energy from battery and inverter (generated from PV).



2.2 Product Appearance

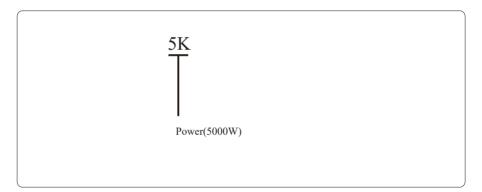




2.3 Model Definition

The letters in the product model have the specific informations.

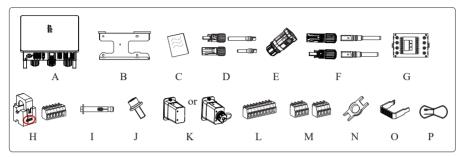
(Take 5K as example.)



3. Installation

3.1 Packing List

After unpacking, please check the following packing list carefully for any damage or missing parts. If any damage or missing parts occurs, contact the supplier for help.



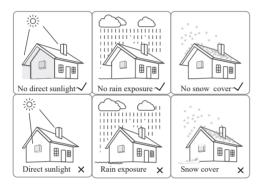
Number	Quantity	Description
А	1	Inverter
В	1	Mounting bracket
C	1	File package
D	2/2 for 5/6K; 3/3 for 8/10K	PV terminal connector group (PV+/PV-)
Е	2	GRID/BACKUP connector
F	1/1	Battery terminal connector group (BAT+/BAT-)
G	1	Meter (Optional)
Н	1	CT pack (3pcs CT + 1pcs 6-Pin terminal)
Ι	4	M10 Expansion screws
J	1	M6 Security screw
K	1	WIFI/LAN module (Optional)
L	1	9-Pin terminal
М	2	4-Pin terminal
N	1	Removal tool for PV/BAT connector
0	1	Removal tool for GRID/BACKUP connector
Р	1	Battery Temperature sensor (Optional)

3.2 Selecting the Mounting Location

3.2.1 Installation Environment Requirements

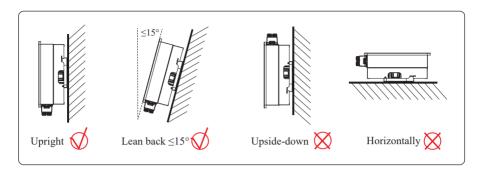
a. The storage inverter protection class is IP65 and can be mounted indoors or outdoors.

- b. To ensure optimum operation and long service life, the ambient temperature must be below 50°C.
- c. Do not install the inverter in a rest area since it will cause noise during operation.
- d. The inverter carrier must be fire-proof. Do not mount the inverter on flammable building materials.
- e. Ensure that the wall meets the requirements of the inverter installation.
- f. Product label and warning symbols shall be clear to read after installation.
- g. The installation height should be reasonable and make sure it is easy to operate and view the display.
- h. Please avoid direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow cover.



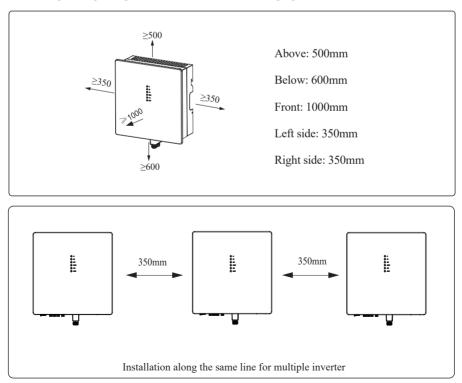
3.2.2 Mounting Requirements

Mount the inverter vertically or tilted backward by max 15°. The device can not be installed with a wrong mode and the connection area must point downward.



3.2.3 Installation Space Requirements

To ensure the inverter normally and easy to operate, there are requirements on available spaces of the inverter, e.g. to keep enough clearance. Refer to the following figures.



3.3 Mounting

Before mounting the inverter, you have to prepare expansion screws and security screw.

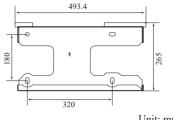
Step 1. Install the mounting bracket

- Use a level ruler to mark the position of the 4 holes on the wall. Refer to Figure a. And drill 4 holes, 12mm in diameter and 60mm in depth. Refer to Figure b.
- 2. Knock the expansion screw kit into the hole with a hammer. Refer to Figure c.

Note:

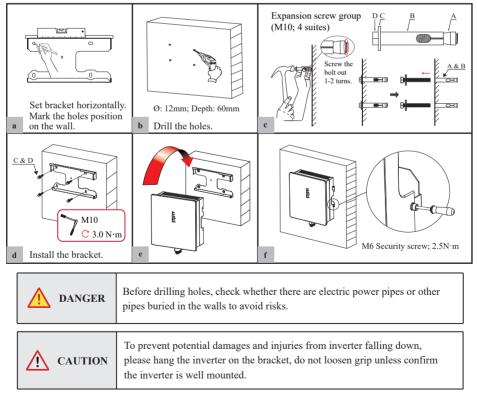
Do not remove the nut unit in this step. Before taping the expansion screw kit into the hole, you need to screw the bolt out 1-2 turns.

- After fastening 4 bolts, the expansion bolts are tight and not loose, and then unscrew the threaded bolts, gaskets. Refer to Figure c.
- 4. Install and fix the mounting bracket on the wall. Refer to Figure d.



Unit: mm

Step 2. Install the inverter on the mounting bracket. Then lock the inverter using the security screw. Refer to Figure e, Figure f.



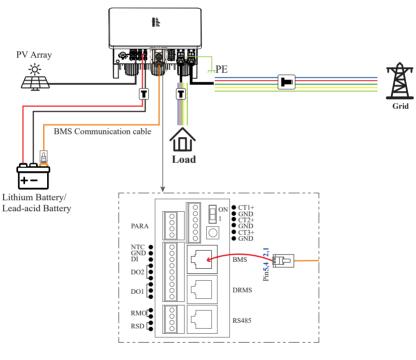
4. Electrical Connection

This chapter shows the details connection of Three phase ESS inverter. The following illustration only uses the ESS inverters as an example.

DANGER	Ensure that inverter and all cables to be installed are completely powered off during whole installation and connection. Otherwise, high voltage may result in fatal injury.
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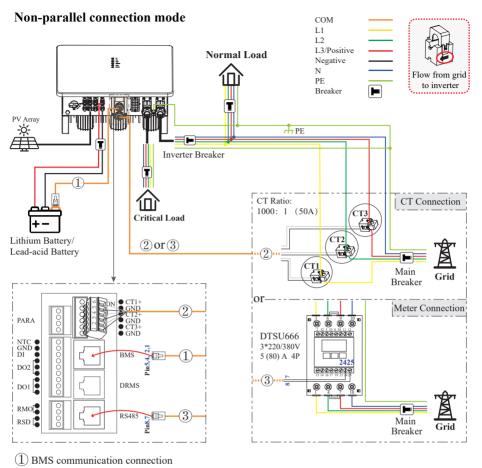
Three phase ESS inverter system connection diagram:

Connection mode for whole-house load



Note:

1. BMS communication connection is only for lithium battery.	COM	
2. About breakers:	L1	
DC breaker on battery side $\geq 80A$	L2	
AC breaker on load side $>40A$	L3/Positive Negative	
AC breaker on grid side $\geq 40A$	N	
The specifications of main breaker and normal load breaker depend on	PE	
household loads.	Breaker	

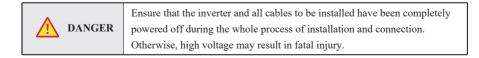


- (2) CT communication connection
- (3) Meter communication connection

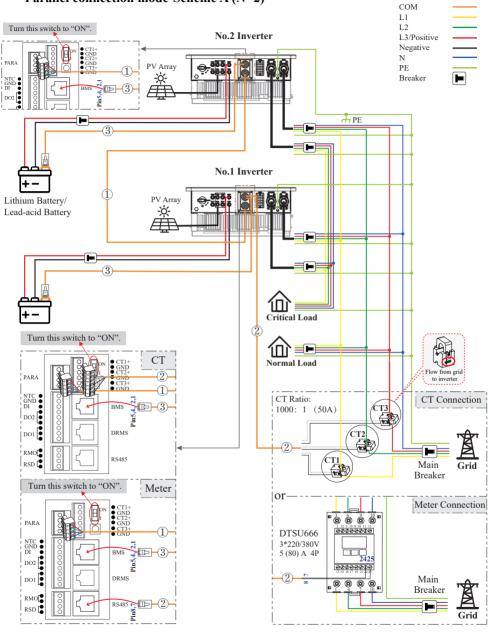
Note:

- 1. BMS communication connection is only for lithium battery.
- 2. Meter is optional.

3. About breakers: DC breaker on battery side \geq 80A; AC breaker on critical load side \geq 40A; AC breaker on inverter side \geq 40A. The specifications of main breaker and normal load breaker depend on household loads.



Electrical Connection



Parallel connection mode-Scheme A (N=2)

Parallel communication connection
 CT/Meter communication connection

3 BMS communication connection

* These communication cables can be connected to any inverter, but they must be inserted into the same inverter and we call this inverter No. 1 inverter.

Note for Scheme A:

1. BMS communication connection is only for lithium battery.

2. With parallel connection mode, it is necessary to connect APP to one of inverters and then go to Console > Hybrid Setting> Other >Parallel mode page to enable Parallel mode on APP. Please refer to section 7.2.3.

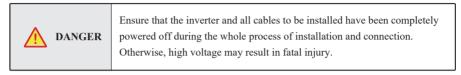
3. About breakers:

DC breaker on battery side ≥80A

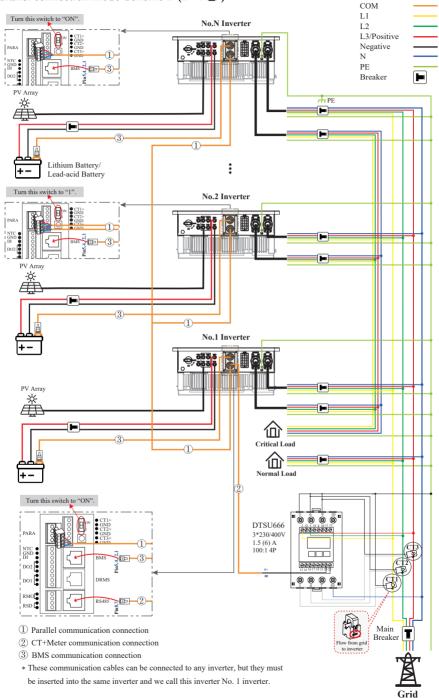
AC breaker on critical load side ≥40A

AC breaker on inverter side ≥40A

The specifications of main breaker and normal load breaker depend on household loads.



Electrical Connection



Parallel connection mode-Scheme B (2 < N≤9)

Note for Scheme B:

1. BMS communication connection is only for lithium battery.

2. It is necessary to turn the matched resistance switch of No. 1 inverter and No. N inverter to "ON" and turn others to "1" in parallel connection mode.

3. With parallel connection mode, it is necessary to connect APP to one of inverters and then go to Console > Hybrid Setting> Other >Parallel mode page to enable Parallel mode on APP. Please refer to section 7.2.3.

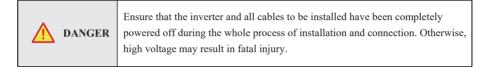
4. About breakers:

DC breaker on battery side ≥80A

AC breaker on critical load side $\geq 40A$

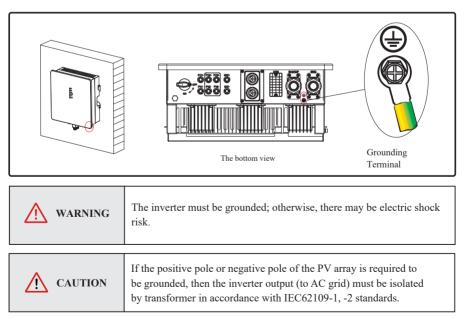
AC breaker on inverter side ≥40A

The specifications of main breaker and normal load breaker depend on household loads.



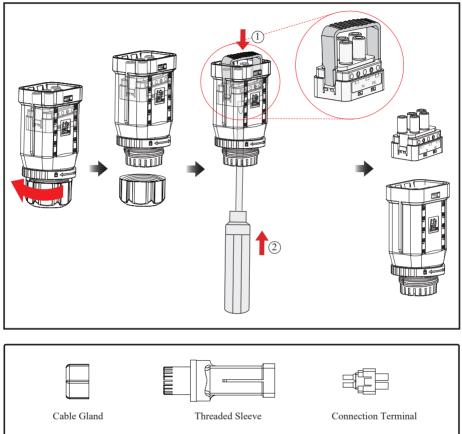
4.1 Grounding

A protective earth (PE) terminal is equipped at the side of the inverter. Please be sure to connect this PE terminal to the PE bar for reliable grounding. AWG 10 yellow green lines are recommended.



4.2 GRID/BACKUP Connection

If necessary, please refer to below to disassemble the GRID/BACKUP terminal.

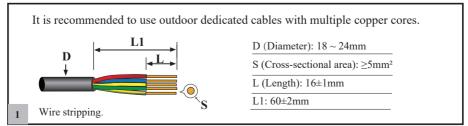


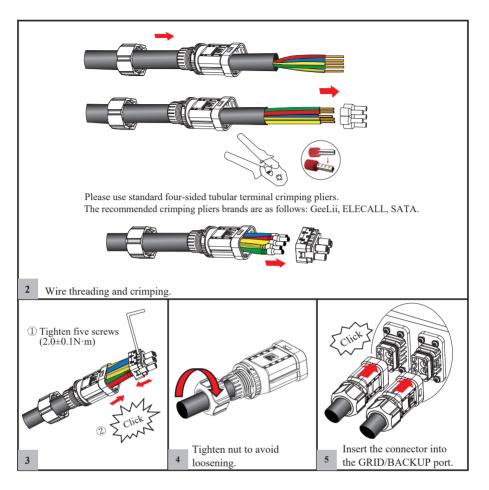
GRID/BACKUP Connector Structure

Before connecting the GRID/BACKUP terminal, ensure that both the AC terminal and the DC terminal are powered off and the PV switch is OFF. Otherwise there is a risk of high voltage shock.

GRID/BACKUP connection please refer to below.

Step 1: Assemble the AC connector.





Step 2: Connect the AC connector.

An AC breaker (≥40A) should be installed between inverter and the GRID/BACKUP.

- a. Before connecting the AC cable from inverter to AC breaker, you should confirm the AC breaker is working normally. Turn off the AC breaker and keep the status.
- b. Connect the PE conductor to grounding electrode, and connect the N and L conductors to AC breaker.
- c. Connect the AC breakers to the GRID/BACKUP.

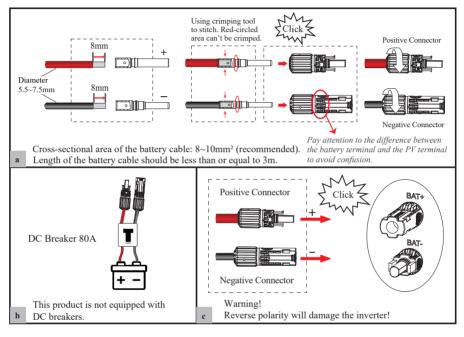
NOTICE	 Multiple inverters are not allowed to share a circuit breaker. Load is not allowed to connect between the grid and the AC breaker.

4.3 Battery Connection

Three phase ESS inverter now only supports the lithium / lead-acid battery. The recommended lithium battery brands are as follows: Weco, Pylon tech, UZ energy series.

This part in this manual only describe the battery connection on inverter side. If you need more detailed connection information about the battery side, please refer to the manual of the battery you are using.

Before connecting to battery, please install a separate DC breaker between inverter and battery. This ensures the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance.

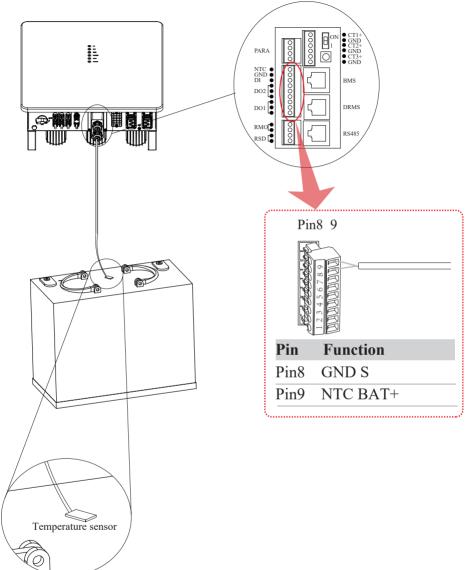


WARNING	 Reverse polarity will damage the inverter! Be careful of electric shock and chemical hazards! To reduce risk of injury, please use the suitable recommended cable size.
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Battery Communication Connection

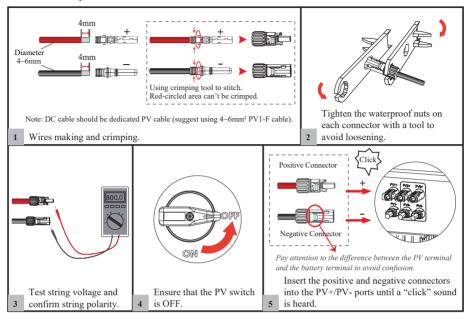
If the battery type is lithium battery which need communication between the inverter and battery management system (BMS), the connection must be installed. Please refer to section 4.6.1 for details.





4.4 PV Connection

PV connection please refer to below.



NOTICE	 Before connecting the PV panels, make sure the plug connector have the correct polarity. Incorrect polarity could permanently damage the inverter. PV array shouldn't be connected to the grounding conductor. The minimum insulation resistance to ground of the PV panels must exceed 33.3kΩ, there is a risk of shock hazard if the requirement of minimum resistance is not met.
---------------	--

MARNING	Please check polarity of PV connectors! If polarity reversed, do not try to disconnect any PV connector until the irradiance declines and the DC currents fall below 0.5 A! Only then disconnect the PV plugs and correct the polarity before reconnecting.
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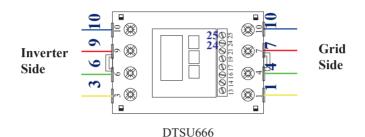
4.5 Meter/CT Connection (Direct connect)

You can monitor usage with a meter or a CT.

4.5.1 Meter Connection

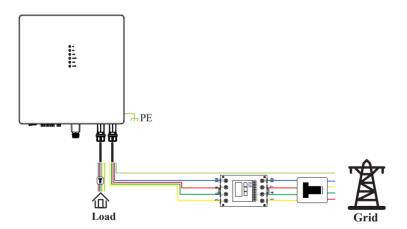
This section is applicable to non-parallel connection mode only.

Three phase ESS inverter supports the meter CHINT-DTSU666 meter by default. The meter is optional.



Before connecting to Grid, please install a separate AC breaker (≥40A; not equipped) between meter and Grid. This ensures the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance.

The connection diagram of power cable of meter is as shown in the figure below:

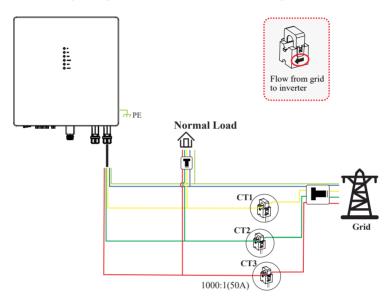


Please refer to the meter instruction manual for details.

4.5.2 CT Connection

Before connecting to Grid, please install a separate AC breaker (≥40A; not equipped) between CT and Grid. This ensures the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance.

The connection diagram of power cable of CT is as shown in the figure below:



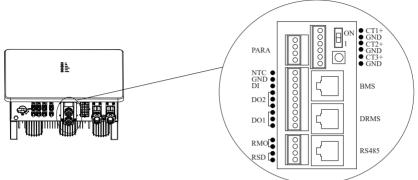
Please pay attention to the Current transformer (CT) connection. The arrow on the CT indicates the current flow from grid to inverter. And lead the live line through the detection hole of CT.

NOTE

The current direction from grid to inverter is defined as positive and current direction from inverter to grid is defined as negative.

4.6 Communication Connection

There are communication interfaces in the communication port on the bottom of the inverter as show below:

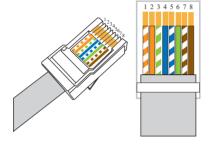


Interface		Descriptions
PARA		4-Pin interface for parallel communication
		A matched resistance switch for parallel communication
RS485		RS485 communication (Monitoring/Meter)
DRMs		Demand response mode for Australia application
СТ		6-Pin interface for grid/load current sensor.
BMS		Lithium battery communication interface
0. Dia	NTC	Temperature sensor terminal of lead-acid battery
9-Pin	DRY	DI/DO control
RSD/RMO		RSD control power and remote off
СОМ		For WIFI/LAN communication.

4.6.1 BMS Connection (Only for Lithium Battery)

RJ45 Terminal Configuration of Battery Communication at Inverter Side

Standard RJ45 Pinout



RJ45 1	RJ45 Pin Configuration			
Pin	Pin Color			
1	White-Orange			
2	Orange			
3	White-Green			
4	Blue			
5	White-Blue			
6	Green			
7	White-Brown			
8	Brown			

Always face the flat side of the terminal, and count the pin slots from left to right correspond to 1 to 8. Read the pin definitions of both the battery and inverter carefully.

Pin definition of terminal

INVERTER:

	Inverter			
Pin	Pin Definition			
1	RS485_A			
2	RS485_B			
3	GND			
4	CAN_H			
5	CAN_L			
6	/			
7	/			
8	/			

CAN BUS connection principle:

INVERTER		BATTERY
CAN_H -	То	→ CAN_H
CAN_L -	То	← CAN_L

BATTERY:

An example of the battery's pin configuration is as following.

Batter	Battery (example)			
Pin	Definition			
1	NC			
2	NC			
3	GND_S			
4	CAN_H			
5	CAN_L			
6	GND_S			
7	NC			
8	NC			

BMS communication cable prepare.

① Prepare RJ45 terminals and strip approperate length of COM cables.

- 2 According to pin definitions and cable order, assemble the RJ45 terminals and
- crimp communication wires. There are two methods to assemble the RJ45 terminals.
- ③ Then label the RJ45 terminals (BAT or INV) to avoid confusion.
- ④ After finishing wire-making, use a multimeter or other specific tool to determine if your cable is good, bad, or wired incorrectly.

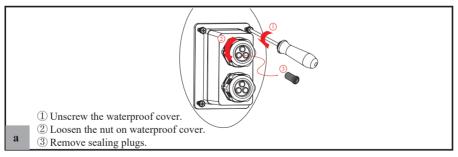
Method 1: Use the INVERTER RJ45 pinout as the standard pinout to crimp wires, then the battery side will be a non-standard one (special pinout). Cut off the other no-used wires (1/2/3/6/7/8) for the battery RJ45 terminal.

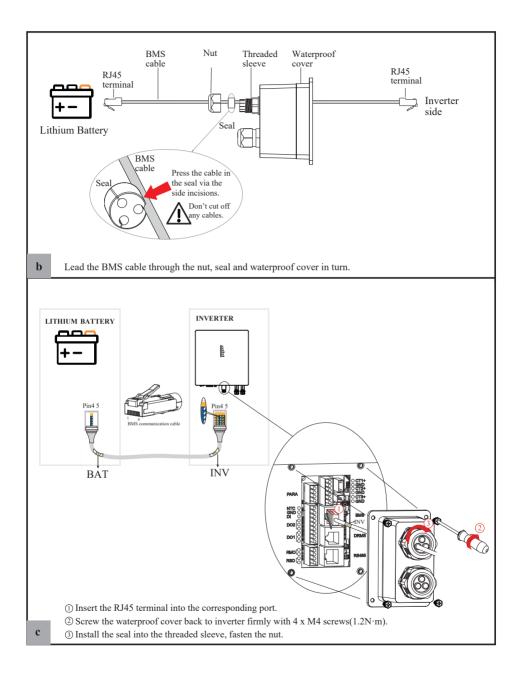


Method 2: Use the BATTERY RJ45 pinout as the standard pinout to crimp wires, then the inverter side will be a non-standard one (special pinout). Cut off the other no-used wires (1/2/3/6/7/8) for the inverter RJ45 terminal.



BMS communication cable connection.



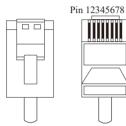


4.6.2 DRMs Connection

DRMs is a shortened form for "inverter demand response modes". It is a compulsory requirement for inverters in Australia.

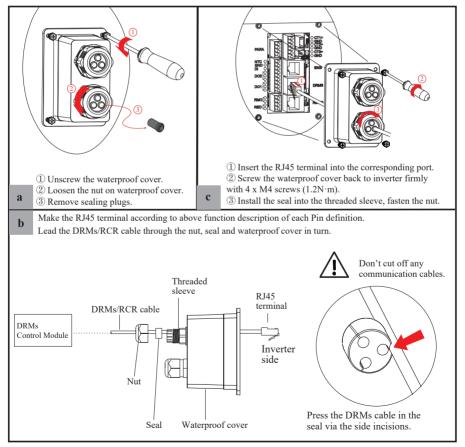
Note: With DRMs connection, it is necessary to connect APP to inverter and then go to Console > Other Setting page to enable DRM function on APP. Please refer to section 7.2.3.

RJ45 Terminal Configuration of DRMs



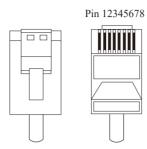
]	DRMs								
	PIN	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Function Description	DRMs1/5	DRMs2/6	DRMs3/7	DRMs4/8	REF	GND	/	/

Refer to the following steps:



4.6.3 RS485 Communication (Monitoring/Meter Connection)

RJ45 Terminal Configuration of Monitoring/Meter Communication

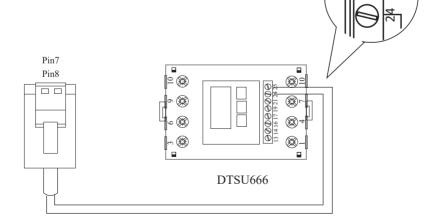


PIN	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Function Description	RS485_A	RS485_B	/	/	/	/	RS485_A	RS485_B

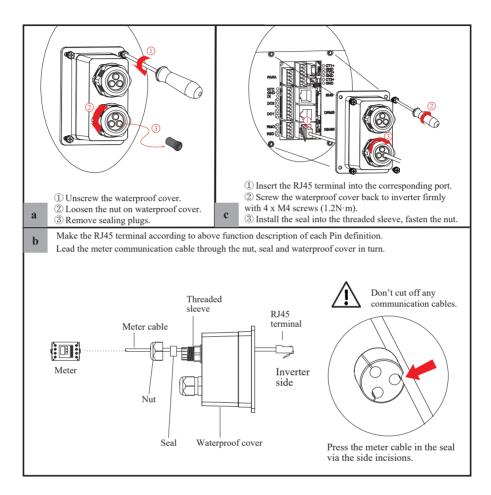
Inverter	Meter
Pin7(RS485_A)	Pin24
Pin8(RS485_B)	Pin25

Inverter	Monitoring
Pin1(RS485_A)	RS485_A
Pin2(RS485_B)	RS485_B

Meter cable connection overview

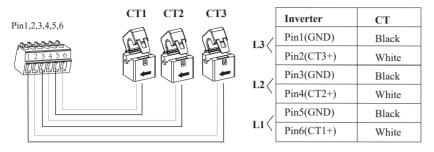


Connect meter. Refer to the following steps:

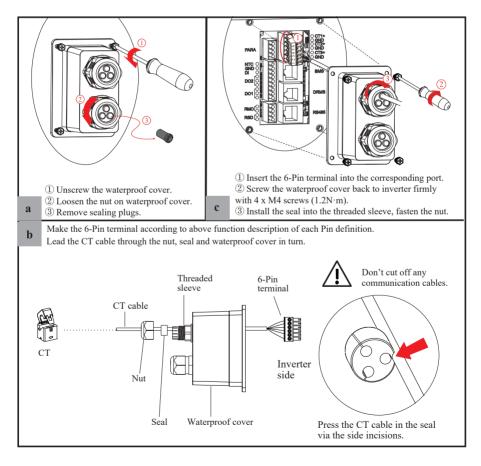


4.6.4 CT Connection

CT cable connection overview



Connect CT. Refer to the following steps:

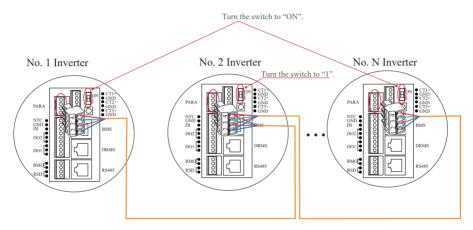


4.6.5 Parallel Communication Connection

4-Pin Terminal Configuration of parallel Communication

PIN	1	2	3	4
Function Description	GND_S	PARA_SYNC	CAN_L	CAN_H

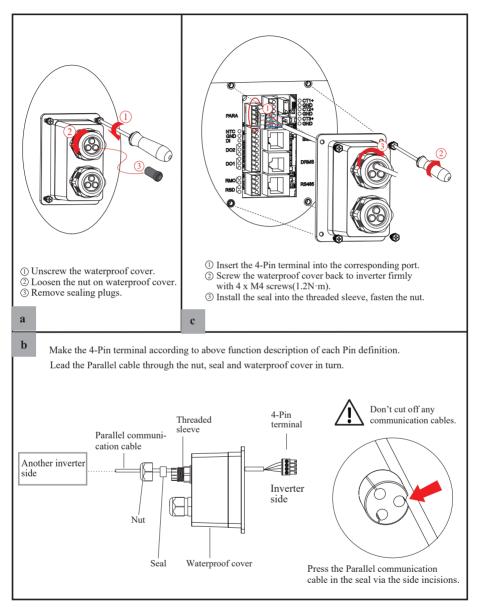
Parallel communication cable connection overview



It is necessary to turn the matched resistance switch of No. 1 inverter and No. N inverter to "ON" and turn the matched resistance switch of others to "1" in parallel connection mode.

No. 1 Inverter	No. 2 Inverter	No. N Inverter
Pin4(CAN_H)	Pin4(CAN_H)	Pin4(CAN_H)
Pin3(CAN_L)	Pin3(CAN_L)	Pin3(CAN_L)
Pin2(PARA_SYNC)	Pin2(PARA_SYNC)	Pin2(PARA_SYNC)
Pin1(GND_S)	Pin1(GND_S)	Pin1(GND_S)

Refer to the following steps:



4.6.6 NTC/DI/DO Connection(s)

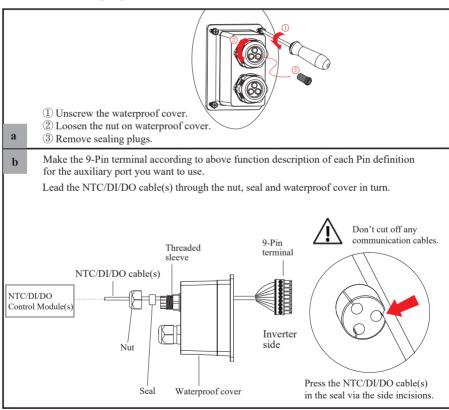
9-Pin Terminal Configuration of Auxiliary Communication

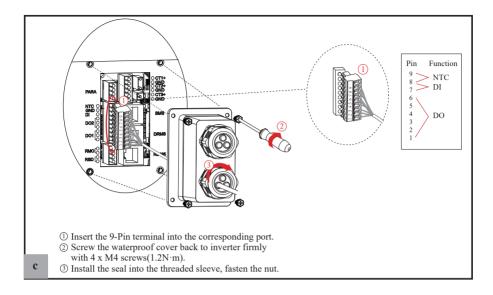
Din	123456789
1 111	123430/02



PIN	Function Description
1	NO (Normal Open)
2	СОМ
3	NC (Normal Close)
4	NO (Normal Open)
5	СОМ
6	NC (Normal Close)
7	DI
8	GND S
9	NTC BAT+

Refer to the following steps:





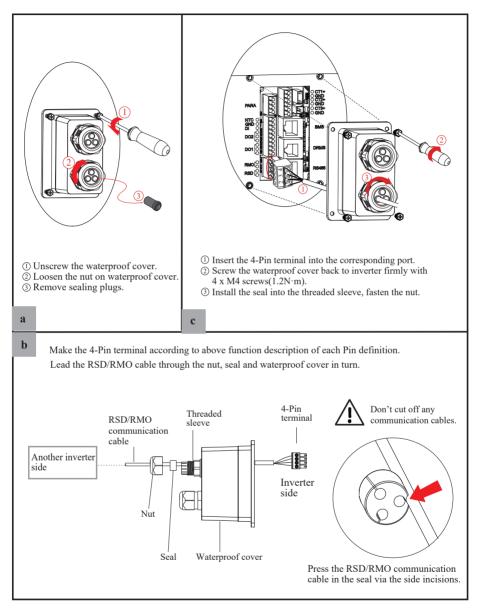
4.6.7 RSD/RMO Connection(s)

4-Pin Terminal Configuration of RSD/RMO Communication



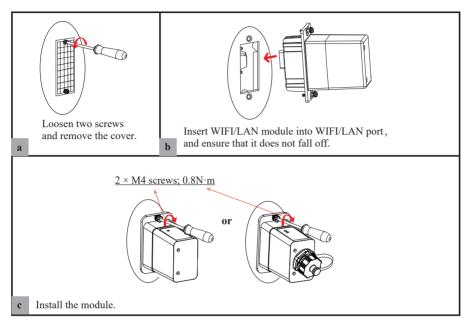
PIN	1	2	3	4
Function Description	+12V	GND	GND	REMOTE OFF

Refer to the following steps:



4.6.8 WiFi/LAN Module Connection (Optional)

For details, please refer to the corresponding Module Installation Guide in the packing. The appearance of modules may be slightly different. The figure shown here is only for illustration.



5. System Operation

5.1 Inverter Working Mode

The inverter supports several different working modes.

5.1.1 Self-consumption Mode

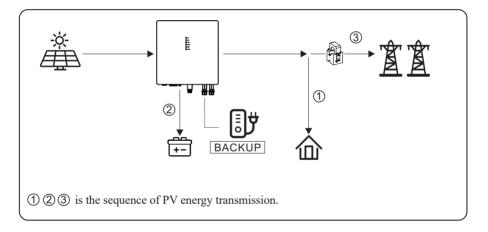
Go to Console > Hybrid Setting > Work mode page, and select Self-consumption mode.

Under Self-consumption mode, the priority of PV energy consumption will be Load >Battery > Grid, that means the energy produced by PV gives priority to powering local loads, the excess energy is used to charge the battery and the remaining energy is fed into the grid.

This is the default mode to increase self-consumption rate. There are several situations of Self-consumption working mode based on PV energy.

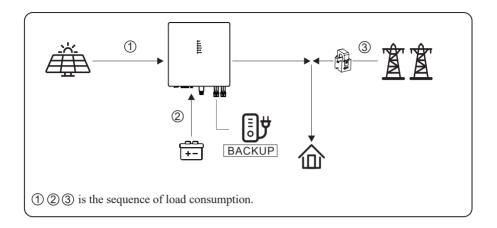
a) Wealthy PV Energy

When PV energy is wealthy, the PV energy will be first consumed by loads, the excess energy will be used to charge the battery and then the remaining energy will be fed into the grid.



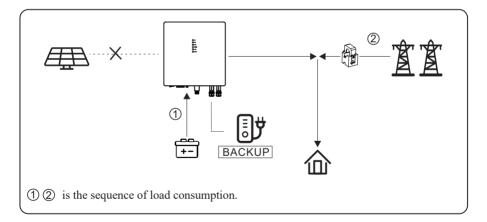
b) Limited PV power

When the PV energy is not enough to cover all consumption, the PV energy will be entirely used by loads, and the insufficient part will be supplied by battery. Then still insufficient parts will be supplied by grid.



c) No PV Input

The inverter will first discharge the battery energy for home load consuming when no PV input (such as in the evening or some cloudy or rainy days). If the demand is not met, the loads will consume grid energy.



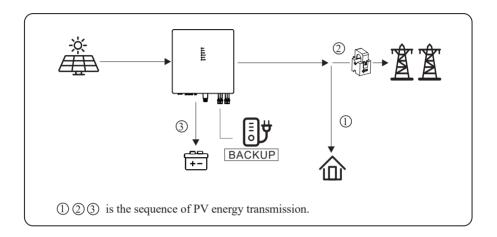
5.1.2 Feed-in Priority Mode

Go to Console > Hybrid Setting > Work mode page, and select Feed-in priority mode.

Under this mode, the priority of PV energy consumption will be Load > Grid > Battery, that means the energy produced by PV gives priority to powering local loads, the excess energy is fed into the grid, and the remaining energy is used to charge the battery.

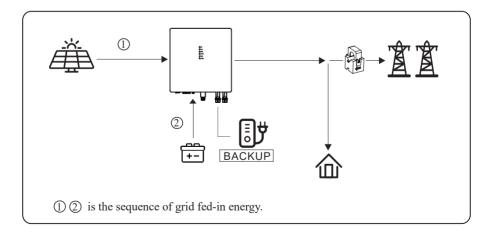
a) Wealthy PV Energy

When PV energy is wealthy, the PV energy will be first consumed by loads. If there is excess PV power, the power will be fed into grid. If there is still PV energy left after load consuming and grid feeding, then the remaining PV power will be used to charge the battery.



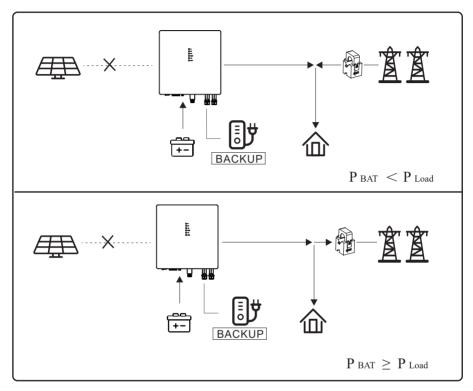
b) Limited PV Energy

When PV energy is limited and can not meet the feed-in grid power, the battery will discharge to meet it.



c) No PV Input

The inverter will first discharge the battery energy for home load consuming when no PV input (such as in the evening or some cloudy or rainy days). If the demand is not met, the loads will consume the grid energy.



5.1.3 Back-up Mode

Go to Console > Hybrid Setting > Work mode page, and select Back-up mode.

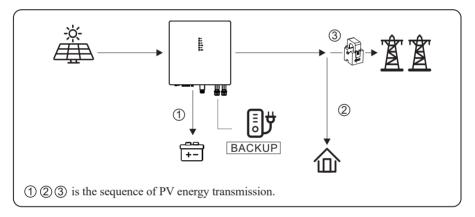
Under this mode, the priority of PV energy consumption will be Battery > Load > Grid. This mode aims at charging the battery quickly, and at the same time, you can choose whether to allow AC to charge the battery.

Forbid AC charging

In this mode, the battery can be charged only with PV power, and the charging power varies with PV power.

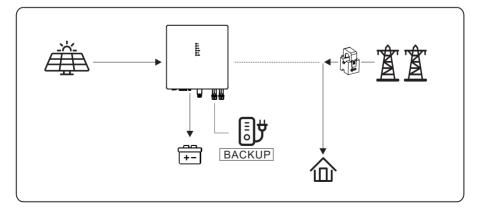
a) Wealthy PV power

When PV energy is wealthy, PV charges the battery first, then meets the load, and the rest is fed into the grid.



b) Limited PV power

When PV energy is limited, PV gives priority to charging the battery, and the grid directly meet the load demand.

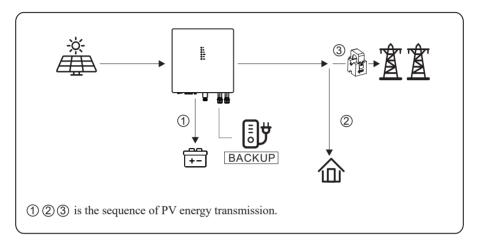


Allow AC charging

In this situation, the battery can be charged both with PV and AC.

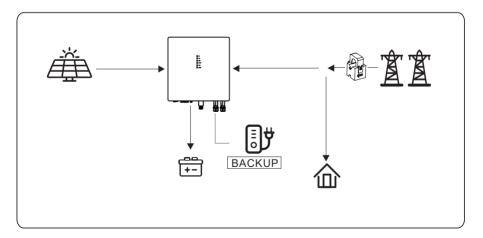
a) Wealthy PV power

When PV energy is wealthy, PV charges the battery first, then meets the load, and the rest is fed into the grid.



b) Limited PV power

When the PV energy is not enough to charge the battery, the grid energy will charge the battery as supplement. Meanwhile, the grid energy is consumed by loads.



5.1.4 Forced Charge/Discharge Function

According to the demands of application, the user can set the inverter to work on forced charge/discharge the battery in any working mode.

Please go to Console > Hybrid Setting > Work mode to enable Time-based Control on APP. There are three time periods in which you can set this function. Outside of the set periods, the inverter returns to its original working mode. The forced charge/discharge function has the highest priority. For setting details, refer to Work mode in **Console** section.

The relationship between the forced charge/discharge function and working mode shown as below.



M : Self Use Mode/Feed-in Priority Mode/Back-up Mode

T1: Time period 1 for forced charge/discharge parameter setting

T2: Time period 2 for forced charge/discharge parameter setting

T3: Time period 3 for forced charge/discharge parameter setting

T1, T2, and T3 priority to M.

5.1.5 Off Grid Mode

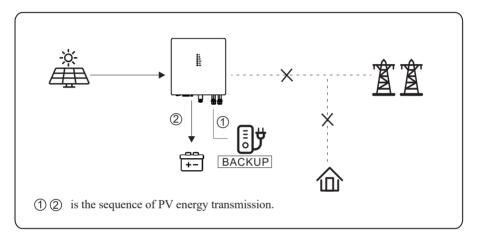
When the power grid is cut off, the system automatically switches to Off Grid mode.

Under off-grid mode, only critical loads are supplied to ensure that important loads continue to work without power failure.

Under this mode, the inverter can't work without the battery.

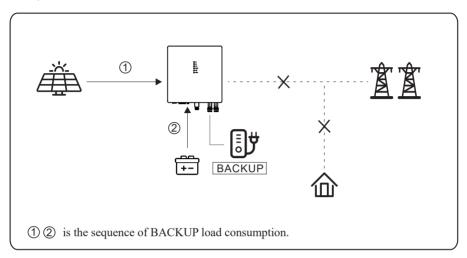
a) Wealthy PV power

When PV energy is wealthy, the PV power will be first consumed by critical load, then charge the battery.



b) Limited PV power

When PV energy is limited, BACKUP loads are first powered by PV and then supplemented by battery.



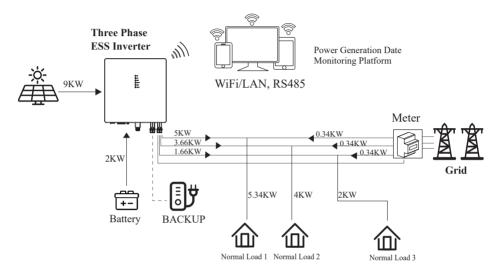
NOTICE	 Under this mode, please complete the output voltage and frequency settings. It is better to choose the battery with a capacity larger than 100Ah to ensure BACKUP function work normally. If BACKUP output loads are inductive or capacitive loads, to make sure the stability and reliability of system, it is recommended to configure the power of these loads to be within 50% BACKUP output power range.
---------------	---

5.1.6 On-grid Unbalanced Output

- 1) The normal load is single phase.
- 2) The three phases of normal load are the same or unbalanced.

This is the best scheme to meet your needs.

On-grid Unbalanced Output

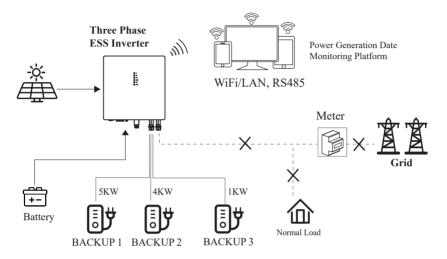


5.1.7 Back-up Unbalanced Output

- 1) The critical load is single phase.
- 2) The three phases of critical load are the same or unbalanced.

This is the best scheme to meet your needs.

Back-up Unbalanced Output



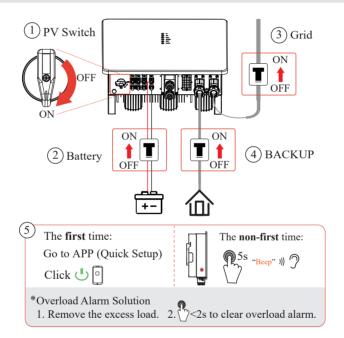
5.2 Startup/Shutdown Procedure

5.2.1 Startup Procedure

Check and confirm the installation is secure and strong enough and that the system grounding is OK. Then confirm the connections of AC, battery, PV etc. are correct. Confirm the parameters and configurations conform to relevant requirements.

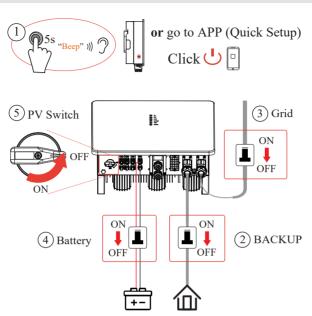
AC Frequency	50/60Hz	PV Voltage	160~950V
Battery Voltage	150~600V	Grid AC Voltage	180~270V(311~467V)

Startup Procedure



* To act the non-first-time startup, press and hold down the button on the left side of the inverter for about 5 seconds, until you hear the "beep" sound.

Shutdown Procedure



After the inverter is powered off, the remaining electricity and heat may still cause electric shock and body burns. If need to disconnect the inverter cables, please wait at least 10 minutes before touching these parts of inverter.

6. Commissioning

It is necessary to make a complete commissioning of the inverter system. This will essentially protect the system from fire, electric shock or other damages or injuries.

6.1 Inspection

Before commissioning, the operator or installer (qualified personnel) must inspect the system carefully and make sure:

1) The system is firmly installed correctly following the contents and notifications of this manual, and there are enough spaces for operation, maintenance and ventilation.

2) All the terminals and cables are in good status without any damages.

3) No items are left on the inverter or within the required clearance section.

4) The PV, battery pack is working normally, and grid is normal.

6.2 Commissioning Procedure

After the inspection and make sure status is right, then start the commissioning of the system.

1) Power on the system by referring to the Startup Procedure section 5.2.1.

- 2) Setting the parameters on the App according to user's requirement.
- 3) Finish commissioning.

7. User Interface

7.1 LED

This section describes the LED panel. LED indicator includes PV, BAT,		PV
	٢	BAT
GRID, BACKUP, COM, ALARM indicators.	۲	GRID
It includes the explanation of indicator states and summary of indicator	۲	MOUP
1	۲	COM
states under the running state of the machine.	۲	ALARM

LED Indicator	Status	Description
	On	PV input is normal.
PV	Blink	PV input is abnormal.
	Off	PV is unavailable.
	On	Battery is charging.
BAT	Blink	Battery is discharging (light on 2s and off 2s). Battery is abnormal (light on 1s and off 1s).
	Off	Battery is unavailable.
	On	GRID is available and normal.
GRID	Blink	GRID is abnormal.
Off		GRID is unavailable.
	On	BACKUP power is available.
BACKUP	Blink	BACKUP output is abnormal.
	Off	BACKUP power is unavailable.
COM	Blink	Data are communicating.
COM	Off	No data transmission
	On	Fault has occurred and inverter shuts down.
ALARM	Blink	Alarms has occurred but inverter doesn't shut down.
	Off	No fault.

User Interface

Details	Code	PV LED	Grid LED	BAT LED	BACKUP LED	COM LED	ALARM LED
PV normal		•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
No PV		0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PV over voltage	В0						
PV under voltage	B4						
PV irradiation weak	В5	*	O	\bigcirc	O	\bigcirc	0
PV string reverse	B7						
PV string abnormal	В3						
On grid Bypass output		Ø	•	\bigcirc	Ø	\bigcirc	0
Grid over voltage	A0						
Grid under voltage	A1						
Grid absent	A2						
Grid over frequency	A3	\bigcirc	+	\bigcirc	Ø	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Grid under frequency	A4	٢	*	•		٩	U
Grid abnormal	A6						
Grid over mean voltage	A7						
Neutral live wire reversed	A8						
Battery in charger		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bullet	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
Battery absent	D1	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	Ο	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
Battery in discharge		O	O	**	O	Ø	0
Battery under voltage	D3						
Battery over voltage	D2						
Battery discharge over current	D4	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	*	O	\bigcirc	0
Battery over temperature	D5	•	•	~	•	0	0
Battery under temperature	D6						
Communication loss (Inverter - BMS)	D8						
BACKUP output active		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
BACKUP output inactive		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
BACKUP short circuit BACKUP over load BACKUP output voltage abormal BACKUP over dc-bias voltage	DB DC D7 CP	Ø	Ø	0	*	O	0

Details	Code	PV LED	Grid LED	BAT LED	BACKU LED	P COM LED	ALARM LED
RS485/DB9/BLE/USB		O	Ø	\bigcirc	O	*	O
Inverter over temperature	C5						
Fan abnormal	C8						
Inverter in power limit state	CL	Ø	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	Ø	Ø	_
Data logger lost	CH	0	0	0	0	0	×
Meter lost	CJ						
Remote off	CN						
PV insulation abnorma	B1						
Leakage current abnormal	B2						
Internal power supply abnormal	C0						
Inverter over dc-bias current	C2						
Inverter relay abnormal	C3						
GFCI abnormal	C6						
System type error	C7						
Unbalance Dc-link voltage	С9						
Dc-link over voltage	CA	0	0		0	0	•
Internal communication error	CB	Ø	O	Ø	O	O	•
Internal communication loss(E-M)	D9						
Internal communication loss(M-D)	DA						
Software incompatibility	CC						
Internal storage error	CD						
Data inconsistency	CE						
Inverter abnormal	CF						
Boost abnormal	CG						
Dc-dc abnormal	CU						
Remark: Light on Light off Keep original status 							

★ Light on 1s and off 1s

★★ Light on 2s and off 2s

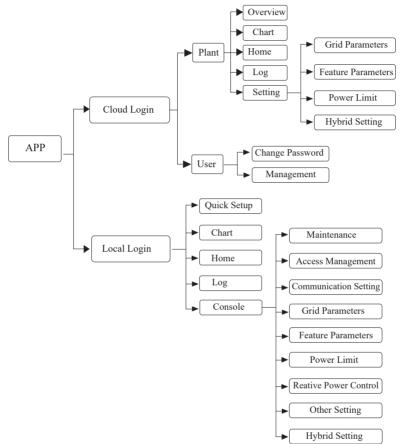
7.2 App Setting Guide

7.2.1 App Architecture

It contains "Cloud Login" and "Local Login".

- · Cloud login: APP read data from cloud server through API and display inverter parameter
- Local login: APP read data from inverter through Bluetooth connection with Modbus protocol

to display and configure inverter parameter.



7.2.2 Download App

- Scan the QR code on the inverter to download the APP.
- Download APP from the App Store or Google Play.

] Note:

The APP should access some permissions such as the device's location. You need to grant all access rights in all pop-up windows when installing the APP or setting your phone.

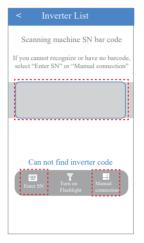
7.2.3 Local Login

Step 1. Open the Bluetooth on your own phone and the APP, then click the Bluetooth Connection. Step 2. To connect the inverter, please choose one of the following three ways:

- Scan machine SN barcode
- Enter SN
- Manual connection

Step 3. Click OK.







Quick Setup

The quick setup is required for the first local login.

Step 1. Click the Quick Setup.

	XX	XXXX	XX	
19.11 E-T	kWh 'oday		494k E-To	
Self-cons 2.71kW	2.21kW SOC: 44) (0.00W	60.0W	405W
	Prod	uction:19	0.1kWh	
53.0%				47.0%
Consumed	directly:	10.1kWh	To Grid:	8.97kWh
	Cons	sumption	9.87kW	/h
76.0%			24	4.0%
PV Supply	directly:	.50kWh H	rom Grid:	2.37kWh
	Cu	rrent devi	ice	
Basic				\sim
*	da 👘	♠	0	¢
Quick Setup	Chart	Home	Log	Console

Step 2. Firstly please read tips on the screen carefully. Secondly choose the WiFi SSID and enter the WiFi password. Then click the START THE CONFIGURATION button and wait for WiFi router loading successfully. Finally click the Next.

Note:

Please use the 2.4G network frequency band for configuration.



Step 3. Set Standard Code and Date and Time parameters. Then click the Next.

XXXXXXX	x	
023	4	6
Step2 Set parameters for connect to the pov		
Standard Code	1	
Nominal voltage(V)		
Nominal frequency (Hz)		
Date and Time		
Previous	2	Next
	Ŭ	
🔶 th 🛠	0	÷Q1
Quick Setup Chart Home	Log	Console

Step 4. Set parameters for the inverter to connect to the power limit. Then click the Next.



Step 5. Set parameters for the inverter to connect to the work mode and battery type. Then click the Next.



Step 6. Please click the button to turn on the inverter.



Chart

The power chart is showed by Day, Month and Year in our APP. Data curves in the following figures are only for illustration.

Query Daily Data

Go to Chart > Day page. It will show the Daily Production or Consumption Curve in this page. You can click anywhere on the graph to see the energy value of any time.

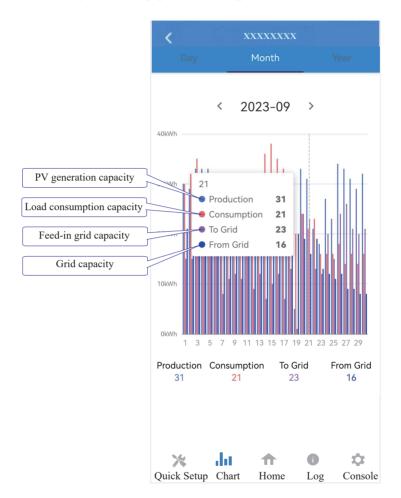


The above combination day chart shows the energy flow:

- PV generation power (Blue)
- battery discharge and charge power (Red)
- grid power and feed-in grid power (Purple)
- load consumption power (Orange)

Query Monthly Data

Go to Chart > Month page. It will show the Monthly Production or Consumption Curve in this page. You can click anywhere on the graph to see the energy value of any month.

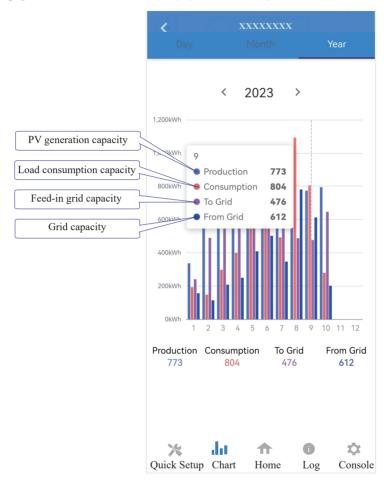


The above combination month chart shows the the energy flow:

- PV generation capacity (Blue)
- load consumption capacity (Red)
- feed-in grid capacity (Purple)
- grid capacity (Mazarine)

Query Yearly Data

Go to Chart > Year page. It will show the Annually Production or Consumption Curve in this page. You can click anywhere on the graph to see the energy value of any year.



The above combination year chart shows the the energy flow:

- PV generation capacity (Blue)
- load consumption capacity (Red)
- feed-in grid capacity (Purple)
- grid capacity (Mazarine)

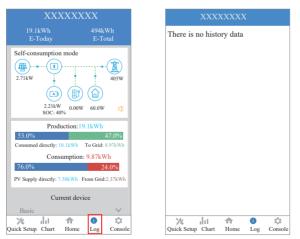
Home

In this page, you can view the basic information of inverter. Click \triangleleft to display the warning message.



Log

Press Log at the bottom and then go to the history log page (as shown below). It contains all the logs for the inverter.



Console

In this page, you can view the basic information like some version information, do some maintaining operations like turn off/on the inverter and manage data.



🔆 航 🏫 🛛 🌣

Quick Setup Chart

Home

Log Console

Maintenance

In this page, you can do some maintaining operations like turn off/on the inverter and manage data. In Console page, click Maintenance.



Access Management

In this page, you can switch the login permission.

In Console page, click Access Management > Change User page.

Access Management	< Setting
Change User Change Access Level	
	Enter administrator password
	Administrator password forgotten?
	🛳 LOGIN AS ADMINISTRATOR
	LOGIN AS GUEST

Communication Setting

In this page, you can set or change the parameters of communication settings: WiFi Setting, RS485 Setting and Ethernet Setting.

In Console page, click Communication Setting.

Note:



Grid Parameters

In this page, you can set or change the parameters of Grid side. In Console page, click Grid Parameters.

Note:

Crid Parameters	
Standard Code IN (IEC61727)	
First Connect Delay Time(s) 60	
Reconnect Delay Time (s) 60	
First Connect Power Gradient(%/min) 100	
Reconnect Power Gradient(%/min) 100	
Frequency High Loss Level_1(Hz) 51	
Frequency Low loss Level_1(Hz) 49	
Voltage High Loss Level_1(V) 253	
Voltage Low Loss Level_1(V) 195.5	
Frequency High Loss Time Level_1(ms)	
Frequency Low loss Time Level_1(ms) 100	
Voltage High Loss Time Level_1(ms) 200	
Voltage Low Loss Time Level_1(ms) 200	
Frequency High Loss Level_2(Hz) 99.9	
Frequency Low Loss Level_2 (Hz)	
Voltage High Loss Level_2(V) 310.5	
Voltage Low Loss Level_2(V) 115	
Frequency High Loss Time Level_2(ms) 65535	
Frequency Low Loss Time Level_2(ms) 65535	
Voltage High Loss Time Level_2(ms) 50	
Voltage Low Loss Time Level_2(ms) 100	
Over Frequency Derating Function	
Over Frequency Power Reduction Droop(%) 5	
Grid Over Frequency de-rating Start Point(Hz) 50.2	
Over Frequency Derating Reference Power base on current power	
Over Voltage Derating	

Feature Parameters

In this page, you can set or change the feature parameters, as shown in the figure. In Console page, click Feature Parameters.

Note:

Setting/modifying these parameters requires logging into an administrator account.

K Feature Parameters	
Low Voltage Through	
Island Detection	
Terminal Resistor	
Derated Power(%) 110	
Insulation Impedance(kΩ) 100	
Leakage Current Point(mA) 240	
Unbalanced Voltage Point(%)	
Moving Average Voltage Limit(V) 999.9	

Power Limit

In this page, you can set or change the parameters of power limit.

In Console page, click Power Limit page.

Note:

C Power Limit
Power control Digital Power Meter
Meter location On Grid
Meter Type CHINT/DDSU666
Power flow direction From grid to inverter
Digital meter modbus address 1
Maximum feed in grid power(W) 0
Power derating control mode
Maximum permit consumption from Grid(W) 50

Reactive Power Control

In this page, you can set or change the Reactive Power Control parameters.

In Console page, click Reactive Power Control.

Note:



How to Autotest?

Step 1. In Console page, click Grid Parameters > Standard Code, then select the IT (CEI 0-21) or IT (CEI 0-21 ACEA).

Step 2. Back to Console page. Refresh the page and enter the Autotest page to click START.

Step 3. Then the inverter is autotesting. Wait for about 10 minutes, the autotest process will be finished.

Step 4. You can click the DOWNLOAD to save the data file if necessary.

Note: If the Autotest option can't be turned out after the refresh in step 2. Please re-connect after logout. And then go to Console > Autotest page to click START.

Crid Parameters
Standard Code IN (IEC61727)
First Connect Delay Time(s) 60
Reconnect Delay Time (s) 60
First Connect Power Gradient(%/min) 100
Reconnect Power Gradient(%/min) 100
Frequency High Loss Level_1(Hz) 51
Frequency Low loss Level_1(Hz) 49
Voltage High Loss Level_1(V) 253
Voltage Low Loss Level_1(V) 195.5
Frequency High Loss Time Level_1(ms)
Frequency Low loss Time Level_1(ms) 100

XXXXXXXX			
>	Maintenance	>	
±	Access Management	>	
(++)	Communication Setting	>	
Ŧ	Grid Parameters	>	
▦	Feature Parameters >		
¥	Power Limit >		
٠	Reactive Power Control >		
Ŧ	Autotest	>	
=	Other Setting	>	
a 0	Hybrid Setting	>	
X Quick S	tetup Chart Home Log	Console	

<	Grid Parameters
S⊫	Standard Code GR (VDE0126-Islands)
Fi 60	IL (IS 4777)
R 60	IN (IEC61727)
Fi	IRL (EN50549-1)
10	IT (CEI 0-21)
R 10	IT (CEI 0-21 ACEA)
F	IT (CEI 0-16)
5' Fi	JO (IRR-DCC MV 2015)
49	JO (IRR-TIC 2015)
V 2!	JP (JETGR0002-1-2.0)
V 16	CANCEL
Fre	equency High Loss Time Level_1(ms)

Autotest
START
Frequency low level 1 threshold -Hz
Frequency low level 1 value -Hz
Frequency low level 1 break time -ms
Frequency low level 2 threshold -Hz
Frequency low level 2 value -Hz
Frequency low level 2 break time -ms
SPI Local Command
SPI External Signal
SPI Remote Off
Model Name
SN
DOWNLOAD



User Interface

Other Setting

In this page, you can set other setting parameters.

In Console page, click Other Setting.

Date and Time 2023-06-10 09:45:13 DRM Function Grid Voltage type Single	
Grid Voltage type	
	set up.

Hybrid Setting

In this page, you can set Hybrid Setting parameters.

In Console page, click Hybrid Setting.

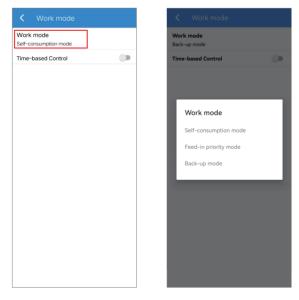
Note:

Setting/modifying these parameters requires logging into an administrator account.

Hybrid Setting	
Work mode(Self-consumption mode)	>
Battery(Lead-Acid battery)	>
Backup Load	>
Other	>

• Work mode

> Work mode: In Work mode page, there are several work modes are available.



User Interface

- Time-based Control setting: In Work mode page, you can also find time-based control function. This function is designed to control the time setting of charging and discharging the inverter. You can set the following parameters based on your requirements:
 - Charge and discharge frequency: one time or daily
 - Charging start time: 0 to 24 hours
 - Charging end time: 0 to 24 hours
 - Discharge start time: 0 to 24 hours
 - Discharge end time: 0 to 24 hours

K Work mode	K Work mode	
Work mode Self-consumption mode	Work mode Self-consumption mode	
Time-based Control	Time-based Control	•
	Charge time 1	
	Start Time	00:00
	End Time	00:00
	Clear	Î
	Frequency	Once
	Charge power(W)	6000
	Charge end SOC(%)	100
	Discharge time 1	
	Start Time	00:00
	End Time	00:00
	Clear	Î
	Frequency	Once
	Discharge power(W)	6000
	Discharge end SOC(%)	10

• Battery

In Battery page, information including battery parameters, charging and discharging management and grid will be listed. Enter corresponding information if necessary.

< Battery
Battery parameters
Battery Brand selection Lead-Acid battery
Battery(Ah) 260
Stop charge voltage(V) 53.2
Stop discharge voltage(V) 46
Charging and discharging management
Maximum charge power(W) 3000
Maximum discharge power(W) 6000
Charge to(%) 100
Discharge to(%) 15
Discharge End SOC(on-grid)(%) 5
Start force charging when reaching(%)
Stop force charging when reaching(%) 20
Maximum Grid Forced Charge Power(W) 400
Grid
Charge by Grid
Maximum grid charge power(W) 3000
Maximum Input power from Grid(W) 9000
Charge by grid to(%)

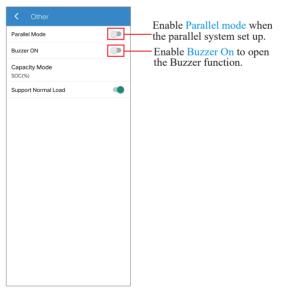
Choose whether to allow the grid to charge the battery, which is prohibited by default. When the battery capacity or voltage reaches the set value, the grid will stop charging the battery. Backup Load

In Backup Load page, if enabling Backup Output, you can set parameters including the range of backup output voltage and Min. initiation/startup battery capacity when off-grid.



• Other

In Other page, options including Parallel mode, Buzzer ON, Support Normal Load are listed. Enable them when necessary.



8. Maintenance

CAUTION	Before maintaining and commissioning inverter and its peripheral distribution unit, switch off all the charged terminals of the inverter and wait at least 10 minutes after the inverter is powered off.
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8.1 Routine Maintenance

Items	Check Content	Maintain Content	Maintenance Interval
Inverter output status	Statistically maintain the status of electrical yield, and remotely monitor its abnormal status.	N/A	Weekly
Inverter cleaning	Check periodically that the heat sink is free from dust and blockage.	Clean periodically the heat sink.	Yearly
Inverter running status	Check that the inverter is not damaged or deformed. Check for normal sound emitted during inverter operation. Check and ensure that all inverter communications is running well.	If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the relevant parts.	Monthly
Inverter electrical connections	Check that all AC, DC and communication cables are securely connected; Check that PGND cables are securely connected; Check that all cables are intact and free from aging.	If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the cable or re-connect it.	Semiannually

8.2 Inverter Troubleshooting

When the inverter has an exception, its basic common warning and exception handing methods are shown below.

Code	Alarm Information	Suggestions
A0	Grid over voltage	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, possibly the power grid
Al	Grid under voltage	voltage is abnormal for a short time, and no action is required. 2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact the local power station. After receiving approval of the local power bureau,
A3	Grid over frequency	revise the electrical protection parameters settings on the inverter through the App. 3. If the alarm persists for along time, check whether the AC
A4	Grid under frequency	circuit breaker /AC terminals is disconnected or not, or if the grid has a power outage.
A2	Grid absent	Wait till power is restored.
В0	PV over voltage	Check whether the maximum voltage of a single string of input PV modules is greater than the allowable voltage. If the maximum voltage is higher than the standard voltage, modify the number of pv module connection strings.
B1	PV insulation abnormal	 Check the insulation resistance against the ground for the PV strings. If a short circuit has occurred, rectify the fault. If the insulation resistance against the ground is less than the default value in a rainy environment, set insulation resistance protection on the App.
В2	Leakage current abnormal	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically recovered to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact your dealer for technical support.
В4	PV under voltage	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, possibly the external circuits are abnormal accidentally. The inverter automatically recovers to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified. If the alarm occurs repeatedly or last a long time, check whether the insulation resistance against the ground of PV strings is too low.
С0	Internal power supply abnormal	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically restored, no action required. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, pls. contact the customer service center.

C2	Inverter over dc-bias current	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, possibly the power grid voltage is abnormal for a short time, and no action is required. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, and the inverter fails to generate power, contact the customer service center.
С3	Inverter relay abnormal	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, possibly the power grid voltage is abnormal for a short time, and no action is required. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, pls. refer to the suggestions or measures of Grid over voltage. and the inverter fails to generate power, contact the customer service center. If there is no abnormality on the grid side, the machine fault can be determined. (If you open the cover and find traces of damage to the relay, it can be concluded that the machine is faulty.) And pls. contact the customer service center.
CN	Remote off	 Local manual shutdown is performed in APP. The monitor executed the remote shutdown instruction. Remove the communication module and confirm whether the alarm disappears. If it does, replace the communication module. Otherwise, please contact the customer service center.
C5	Inverter over temperature	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically restored, no action required. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, pls. check the installation site for direct sunlight, good ventilation, and high ambient temperature (Such as installed on the parapet). If the ambient temperature is lower than 45 ° C and the heat dissipation is good, contact the customer service center.
C6	GFCI abnormal	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, it could have been an occasional exception to the external wiring, the inverter can be automatically recovered, no action required. If it occurs repeatedly or cannot be recovered for a long time, pls. contact customer service to report repair.
B7	PV string reverse	Check and modify the positive and negative polarity of the input of the circuit string.
С8	Fan abnormal	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, pls. restart the inverter. If it occurs repeatedly or cannot be recovered for a long time, check whether the external fan is blocked by foreign objects. Otherwise, contact customer service.
С9	Unbalance Dc-link voltage	 If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically recovered and no action is required.
СА	Dc-link over voltage	2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls. contact the customer service center.

-	-			
СВ	Internal communication error	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
		recovered and no action is required.		
		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
сс	Software incompatibility	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
		recovered and no action is required.		
		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
	Internal storage error	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
~ P		recovered and no action is required.		
CD		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
	Data inconsistency	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
CE		recovered and no action is required.		
CE		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
	Inverter abnormal	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
CF		recovered and no action is required.		
Cr		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
	Boost abnormal	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically		
CG		recovered and no action is required.		
CG		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.		
		contact the customer service center.		
	Meter lost	1. Check the meter parameter Settings		
CJ		2. Local APP checks that the communication address of the inverter is		
		consistent with that of the electricity meter		
		3. The communication line is connected incorrectly or in bad contact		
		4. electricity meter failure.		
		5. Exclude the above, if the alarm continues to occur, please contact the		
		customer service center.		
L				

		1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically
		recovered and no action is required.
D2		2. Check that the battery overvoltage protection value is improperly set.
	Battery over voltage	3. The battery is abnormal.
		4. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
		1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically
	Battery under voltage	recovered and no action is required.
		2. Check the communication line connection between BMS and inverter
		(lithium battery).
D3		3. The battery is empty or the battery voltage is lower than the SOC cut-
		off voltage.
		4. The battery undervoltage protection value is improperly set.
		5. The battery is abnormal.
		6. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
		1. Check whether the battery parameters are correctly set.
		2. Battery undervoltage.
		3. Check whether a separate battery is loaded and the discharge current
D4	Battery discharger over current	exceeds the battery specifications.
		4. The battery is abnormal.
		5. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
D5	Battery over temperature	1. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, please check whether the installation
D3		site is in direct sunlight and whether the ambient temperature is too high
	Battery under temperature	(such as in a closed room).
D.		2. If the battery is abnormal, replace it with a new one.
D6		3. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
	BACKUP output voltage abnormal	1. Check whether the BACKUP voltage and frequency Settings are within the
		specified range.
		2. Check whether the BACKUP port is overloaded.
D7		3. When not connected to the power grid, check whether output is
		normal.
		4. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
		1. Check whether the battery is disconnected.
D8		2. Check whether the battery is well connected with the inverter.
		3. Confirm that the battery is compatible with the inverter. It is
	Communication error	recommended to use CAN communication.
	(Inverter-BMS)	4. Check whether the communication cable or port between the battery
		and the inverter is faulty.
		5. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
	ļ	

	Internal communication	1. Check whether the communication cables between BACKUP, electricity
D9	loss(E-M)	meter and inverter are well connected and whether the wiring is correct 2. Check whether the communication distance is within the specification
		range
		3. Disconnect the external communication and restart the electricity
DA	Internal communication loss(M-D)	meter and inverter.
		4. If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
		1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically
		recovered and no action is required.
		2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, please check:
		1) Check whether the MC4 terminal on the PV side is securely connected.
CU	Dcdc abnormal	2) Check whether the voltage at the PV side is open circuit, ground to
		ground, etc.
		If exclude the above, the alarm continues to occur, please contact the
		customer service center.
		1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can be automatically
СР	BACKUP over dc-bias	recovered and no action is required.
Cr	voltage	2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, the inverter cannot work properly. Pls.
	6	contact the customer service center.
		1. Check whether the live line and null line of BACKUP output are short-
		circuited.
DD	DACIVITE 1	2. If it is confirmed that the output is not short-circuited or an alarm,
DB	BACKUP short circuit	please contact customer service to report for repair. (After the
		troubleshooting of alarm problems, BACKUP switch needs to be manually
		turned on during normal use.)
		1. Disconnect the BACKUP load and check whether the alarm is cleared
DG	DACKUD	2. If the load is disconnected and the alarm is generated, please contact

to be manually turned on for normal use.)

the customer service. (After the alarm is cleared, the BACKUP switch needs

BACKUP over load

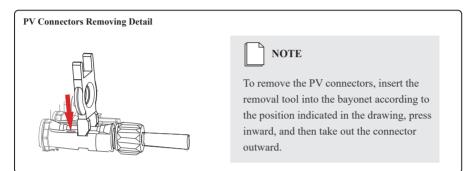
DC

8.3 Removing the Inverter

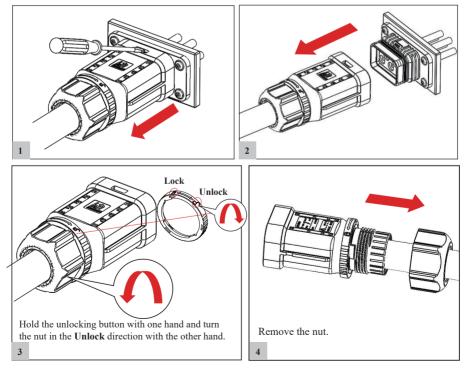
 WARNING
 Before removing DC input connector, double check DC input switch is turned to OFF to avoid inverter damage and personal injury.

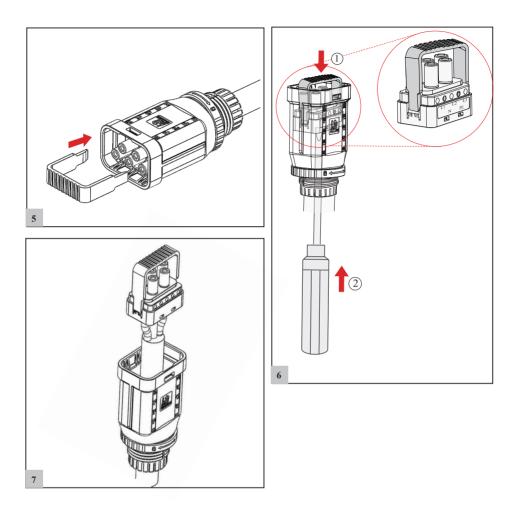
Perform the following procedures to remove the inverter:

Step 1. Disconnect all cables from the inverter, including communications cables, DC input power cables, AC output power cables, and PGND cable, as shown below.



GRID/BACKUP Connectors Removing Detail





Step 2. Remove the inverter from the mounting bracket. Step 3. Remove the mounting bracket.

9. Technical Specification

Model	5K	6K	8K	10K	
Input (PV)					
Max. Input Voltage	1000V				
MPPT Operating Voltage Range	160-950V				
Max. Input Power	9000W	9000W	15000W	15000W	
Max. Input Current	15A/15A	15A/15A	20A/30A	20A/30A	
Max. Short Circuit Current	20A/20A	20A/20A	30A/40A	30A/40A	
Max. Number of PV Strings	2(1/1)		3(1/2)		
No. of MPPTs		2			
Input (Battery)					
Compatible battery type		Lithium-ion	/Lead-acid		
Battery voltage range	150-600V				
Nominal battery voltage (Full load)		250-6	00V		
Max. charge/discharge current	25A/25A	25A/25A	50A/50A	50A/50A	
Max. charge/discharge power	9000W/5800W	9000W/7000W	15000W/9100W	15000W/11300W	
Lithium battery charge curve		Self-adaptic	on to BMS		
Output (On Grid)					
Rated Grid voltage	380V/400V/415V 3W+N+PE				
Rated Grid Frequency	50Hz/60Hz				
Grid Frequency Range**		45Hz-55Hz/3	55Hz-65Hz		
Nom. Power (Output)	5000W	6000W	8000W	10000W	
Maximum Power (Output)	5500W	6600W	8800W	11000W	
Apparent Power (Output)	5500VA	6600VA	8800VA	11000VA	
Maximum Current (Output)	3*8.3A	3*10A	3*13.3A	3*16.7A/3*16A	
Maximum Current (Input)	3*25A	3*25A	3*25A	3*25A	
		5%(according to diffe	ording to different on-Grid regulation)		
DC Current Injection	<0.5%ln				
Power Factor	> 0.99 Rated power (Adjustable 0.8 Leading - 0.8Lagging)				
Output (Backup)					
Nom. power	5000VA	6000VA	8000VA	10000VA	
Maximum power(5min)	6000VA	7200VA	9600VA	12000VA	
Maximum power(10s)	7500VA	9000VA	12000VA	15000VA	
Rated voltage	380V/400V/415V 3W+N+PE				
Backup switch time	10ms(typical), 20ms(max)				
THDV	<3% (R Load) ,8% (RCD Load)				
Efficiency					
Max. Efficiency (PV to Grid)*	98.2%	98.2%	98.4%	98.4%	
European Efficiency (PV to Grid)*	97.2%	97.2%	97.9%	97.9%	
Max. Charge Efficiency (PV to Battery)*	98%	98%	98%	98%	
Max. Charge/Discharge Efficiency (Grid to Battery)*	98%	98%	98%	98%	

①: The specification of "3*16A" is only for British Market.

Protection			
DC switch	Support		
Anti-islanding protection	Support		
AC overcurrent protection	Support		
AC short circuit protection	Support		
AC over-voltage protection	Support		
SPD	DC Type2, AC Type2		
GFCI	Support		
AFCI	Optional		
RSD	Optional (Tigo/APS)		
Insulation detection	Support		
General			
Topology	Transformerless		
IP Rating	IP65		
Cooling	Natural cooling		
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C-60°C		
Relative Humidity Range	0-100%		
Max. Operating Altitude	4000m(>2000m derating)		
Noise	<30dB(Measured at 1m)		
Dimensions (W*H*D)	530*550*213mm		
Weight	29.6KG 32KG		
HMI & COM			
Display	APP +LED		
	WiFi/GPRS/4G/Ethernet(optional);		
	BMS(CAN/RS485)		
	DRM		
Communication	1*DI		
	2*DO		
	METER(RS485)		
	RS485		
Certification			
Safety	IEC 62109-1/2 ,IEC 62040,IEC 62477		
EMC	IEC/EN 61000-6-3, IEC 61000-3-11, IEC 61000-3-12, IEC/EN 61000-6-2		
Grid Code	IEC 61727, IEC 62116, EN 50549-1, VDE 4105, AS 4777,CEI 0-21,G98		
Warranty	5 Years/10 Years (Optional)		

Remarks :

- *Not yet test ;
- **The range of output voltage and frequency may vary depending upon diffierent grid codes.
- Specifications are subject to change without advance notice.